

International Research Journal of Human Resource and Social Sciences ISSN(O): (2349-4085) ISSN(P): (2394-4218) Impact Factor 5.414 Volume 8, Issue 07, July 2021 Website- www.aarf.asia, Email : editoraarf@gmail.com

# Effect of Study Habit on Academic Performance of Students

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#### Abstract

The study was designed to search the impact of study habit on academic performance school children. Sample of the study comprises 82 students having good study habit and 52 students having poor study habit. The objective of the study was to compare the subjects of good and poor study habit on academic performance. It was assumed that, subject having good study habit will show better academic performance than subjects belong to poor study habit. Result of the study revealed significant' ratio. Thus, from the result it can be concluded that, good study habit improves academic performance.

Key words: Study habits, Academic performance

## Introduction

Study habits are learning tendencies that enable students to work privately. Azikiwe (1998) describes the study habit as "the adopted way and manner a student plans his private readings, after classroom learning so as to attain mastery of the subject". According to her," good study habits are good assets to learners because they (habits) assist student to attain mastery in areas of specialization and consequent excellent performance, while opposite constitute constraints to learning and achievement leading to failure"

Good (1998) define the term study habits as: The student's way of study whether systematic, efficient or inefficient etc. Going by this definition it literally means that good study

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habits produces positive academic performance while inefficient study habit leads to academic failure.

Poor habits of study are one of the important causes of educational backwardness. The potential of any one for full scholastic achievement is hardly ever realized due to many factors. Attempts are made to remove obstacles to higher attainments by improving quality of instruction, instructional material, educational environments, and so on. On the part of student also, attempts are made to improve his motivation, interest and work-habits so that he can make maximum of his potential.

Habits help the individual to do something with less effort and thought. They are important and play crucial role in shaping the personality of the individual. In the field of education study habits are approaches applied to learning. They are generally critical to success in school. They are considered for acquiring good grades and are useful for learning throughout one's life. There are arrays of study habits, which may tackle the process of organizing and taking in information, retaining information or dealing with assessments. Study habits refer to the activities carried out by learners during the learning process of improving learning. Study habits are intended to elicit and guide one's cognitive processes during learning. According to Patel (1976) study habits include home environment & planning of work, reading & note taking habits, planning of subjects, habits of concentration, preparation for examination, general habits & attitudes, school environments

Habit is a second nature; it is routine of a person what he or she does in every condition. It cannot be changed; it may be good or bad. It does not get affected by the changing of place or schedules. A habit is something that is done on a scheduled, regular, planned basis and that is not relegated to a second place or optional place in one's life. It is simply done, no reservations, no excuses, and no expectations. A study habit is; buying out a dedicated scheduled and un-interrupted time to apply one's self to the task of learning. Without it, one does not grow and becomes self-limiting in life. Study habits tell a person that how much he will learn and how far he wants to go, and how much he wants to earn. These all could be decided with the help of one's study habits, throughout the life. The importance of study habits in student's life it that plays a major role in their academic achievement, because without studies no one can be succeeded. For studying, students should use different techniques because with these techniques they can ensure good outcomes. As everybody knows that every student has different study habits. Some students can study in a crowdie place but some want silent environment for studies. Although it is good to

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study in a peaceful environment but some time students cannot get that environment. In this manner student should have to adjust themselves in that environment like, in hostels some students study in silence but some do not. If they have good study habits, they can adjust easily in the hostel. Some students do not have the ability to cope up with the non-suitable environment. Due to this reason, some students lose their positions. Effective study habits help students to achieve good results (Sadia, 2005) to be more active and competent in analytical functioning having less social orientation. He is less impulsive and socially sensitive.

### **Material and Method**

Aim: Present study is designed to investigate the impact of study habit on academic achievement of school children.

**Objective:** The objective of the study is to find the influence of study habit on academic achievement and to differentiate between good and poor study.

### **Hypothesis:**

A significant impact of style of study habit would exist on academic achievement of school children. However, subjects belong to good study habit; will exhibit comparatively better academic performance than subject belongs to poor study habit.

Sample: The sample of the study consisted of 400 school going students selected randomly from various schools of Nagpur city. The age of the subjects was ranges from 14 to 18 yrs. No sex difference was considered.

**Tools:** The inventory developed and constructed byPalsane and Sharma. It consists of 45 items with three alternatives, Always, Sometime and Never. The reliability coefficient of the inventory is .88 by test retest method. Validity of the inventory was determined on judge's decision.

**Procedure of data collection:** The subject selected for study were called in a small group, and seated comfortably. Instructions related to inventory and test material were provided to them, and ask them to complete the task.

**Variables:** Styles of study habit were treated as independent variables, where as academic performance was treated as dependent.

Research Design: Two randomized group design was used.

**Statistical Treatment:** In the first stage, mean and standard deviation was computed. Secondly, to find the inferences the data was analysed by Student's 't' Test of Significance for independent sample means. Interpretation and discussion was done considering the result of the study.

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## **Result and Discussion**

Comparison made between good and poor study habit on academic performance reveals that, individual belongs to good study habit scored comparatively higher mean score (M=376.09, SD=90.46) than that of subject belong to poor study habit (M=251, SD=37.89). A huge and noticeable difference exists between the groups.

	Study Habit	N	Mean	SD	df	't' value
	Good study habit	82	376.09	90.46		
	-				138	11.15**
	Poor study habit	58	251.72	37.89		
(t=11.15, df=138, p<.01)						

Table No. 4.12 Showing Mean, SD and 't' value on academic performance.

However, to arrive at inference; the data was further examined by't' test of significance it brought out significant't' value (t=11.15) at .01 level. It clearly indicates that, subjects differ on academic performance. Subjects belong to good study habit exhibited better academic performance than subjecthaving poor study habit. Thus, from the findings of the study, it can be inferred that, good study habit bring out significant improvement in academic performance.

**Conclusion:** A significant positive impact of Good study habit observed on academic performance. Thus, it can be conclude that, good study habit improve academic performance

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